

Committee: Disarmament II

Topic: Strengthening nuclear non-proliferation in light of Iran's nuclear program

Submitted by: The United Kingdom

Co submitter: Estonia

Signatories: Canada, Italy, South Korea, Ukraine, Venezuela, Azerbaijan, Sierra Leone, USA, Algeria, Turkey, France, Japan, Panama, Bangladesh

The General Assembly,

Recalling its previous resolutions and the original intent of the 1968 Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (NPT) to limit the spread of nuclear weapon development worldwide,

Reaffirming the United Kingdom's long-standing commitment to a rules-based international order and its historical role as an original architect of the NPT,

Recognizing the essential role of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) as the primary UN-administered agency responsible for inspecting nuclear facilities and monitoring uranium enrichment,

Noting with deep concern Iran's continued lack of full cooperation with the IAEA and the subsequent acceleration of its nuclear program following the breakdown of previous agreements,

Emphasizing that while the right to peaceful nuclear energy is respected, it must remain strictly within the framework of international safety and non-proliferation obligations,

Bearing in mind that the proliferation of nuclear weapons by non-compliant states destabilizes regional security and increases the risk of global conflict,

1. Calls upon all Member States to uphold full and transparent compliance with the NPT and to grant the IAEA unrestricted access to all requested nuclear sites in accordance with their safeguard obligations

2. Calls upon all Member States currently in possession of nuclear weapons to refrain from assisting, financing, transferring technology to, or otherwise supporting any non nuclear weapon State in development or acquisition of nuclear warheads;

3. Requests the formation of the UN Nuclear Weaponry Recycling Program (UNNWRP), to be implemented by 2030, responsible for the reprocessing of nuclear weapons as well as but not limited to:

a. Funding research programs to:

i. Convert nuclear weapons to forms of clean energy

- ii. Develop measures to reduce nuclear accidents and their devastating impact,
 - b. Disseminating nuclear energy sources to LEDCs and nations in conflict areas that are unable to participate in the UNNWRP,
 - c. Supervising a third-party storage area for disabled nuclear weapons that have yet to be reprocessed,
 - d. Enforcing all nations to submit any and all nuclear weapons in their possession including but not limited to:
 - i. Performing regular yearly checks to all nations ensuring they are not in possession of nuclear weapons/in the process of building a nuclear program;
- 4. Requests a renewal of diplomatic efforts between all relevant parties to find a sustainable solution that de-escalates tensions while maintaining the integrity of the non-proliferation regime;
- 5. Recommends the implementation of stricter international frameworks that ensure accountability for states that fail to adhere to their IAEA safeguard agreements;
- 6. Further invites all Member States to support the indefinite extension of the NPT's implementation goals, ensuring that the treaty remains a vital tool for global arms control;
- 7. Decides to remain actively seized on the matter.
- 8. Authorizes collective international action to halt illicit nuclear weapons development by any Member State found to be in violation of international non proliferation treaties;
- 9. Calls for a creation of a military based organisation to stop any unregulated and unlawful use of nuclear energy at once.