

Forum: Disarmament Committee

Question Of: Internet Terrorism

Submitted By: The Kingdom of Thailand, The People's Republic of China

Cosubmitters: Equatorial Guinea, The Russian Federation, The United States of America, The Republic of Austria

Cosigners: Syrian Arab Republic, The Republic of India, The Republic of Singapore, The Islamic Republic of Iran, The Republic of Hungary, The Republic of Finland, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Federal Republic of Germany, State of Japan, The Kingdom of Sweden

Defining terrorism by: the use of violence or of the threat of violence in the pursuit of political, religious, ideological or social objectives and acts committed by non-state actors (or by undercover personnel serving on the behalf of their respective governments).

Realizing that terrorist killed on average 21,000 people a year in the past decade and accounted for .05% of all deaths in 2017

Noticing that most terrorist attacks happen in the Middle East, North Africa, South Asia, and Sub-Saharan Africa.

1. **Condemn** internet terrorism, which includes the strongest and harshest possible terms and extends the utmost and sincere condolences and support for the people who have been affected by the horror that is terrorism;
2. **Bear in mind**, the importance of privacy and freedom of speech, by which we define terrorism to include any breach of peace, support of violence or actions of violent groups, or advocating the overthrow of any government:
 - a. This definition should reflect the views of every nation,
 - b. it is expected that all nations comply with said definition,
 - c. Memes should not qualify;
3. **Asserts** that it should be the total sovereignty and responsibility of each country to protect and govern its people from the threat of terrorism:
 - a. This includes guidelines for how each country should determine eligible actions for persecution under this resolution,
 - b. Promotes cooperation between nations in data collection and determining cases of internet terrorism,
 - c. While allowing them as much sovereignty in how they persecute and try each offender according to the citizenship and the laws of that nation;
4. **Allows** for the sharing of necessary internet terrorist information by establishing the:
 - a. Joint Utilitarian Utilization League (JUUL),

- b. Each section, or pod, such as Managing International Net Transfers (MINT), will enhance the organization's effectiveness,
 - c. Creating a social media presence to help combat terrorist organizations on all relevant social media platforms through the Managing Aligned National Governments Outreach (MANGO) pod;
- 5. **Stresses** the importance of countries monitoring internet terrorist activities that take place in their own countries;
- 6. **Acknowledging** the rights and sovereignty of the countries of the world, nations must be allowed to deal with these issues in its own manner;
- 7. **Encouraging**, that an educational institution are put in place to train and develop counter-terrorism strategies, and to elaborate on newfound changing trends in terrorist tactics:
 - a. Such as The National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education (NICE);
- 8. **Distributing** technologies that assist in tracking down offenders, monitor dark web traffic for terrorist communications, and human trafficking sites such as the American made program MEME-X.